

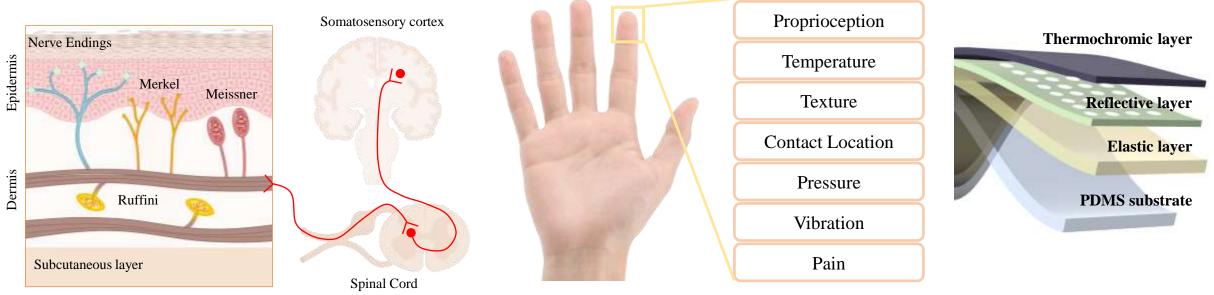
Portfolio

HAO WU Projects 2020-2025 Mechanical Engineering Personal Website: <u>https://wuhao-me.github.io/</u>

Development and Integration of Highly Compliant Optical Tactile Sensor with Grasping Manipulator

Background: Human hands process highly complex and refined sensory capabilities, playing a crucial role in how humans perceive and understand the world. This study proposes a novel soft robotic hand that replicates human tactile functions.

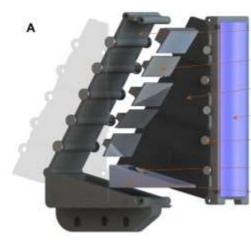


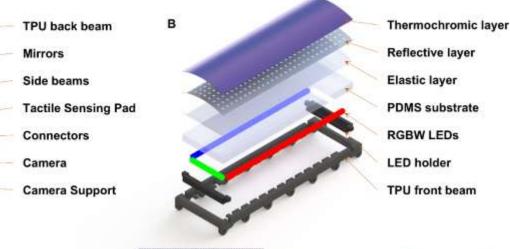


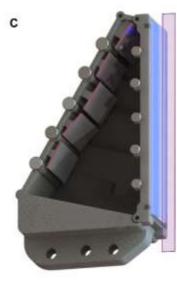
Current Research: The inherent deformations of soft interactions obstruct optical paths and restrict the camera's field of view, making it challenging to integrate visual-tactile sensing with soft grippers while maintaining compliance and coverage.

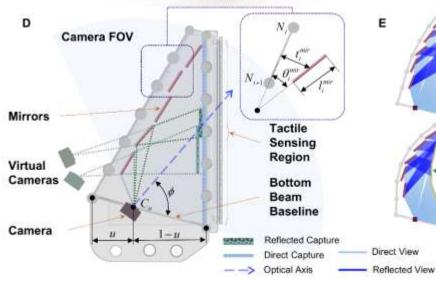


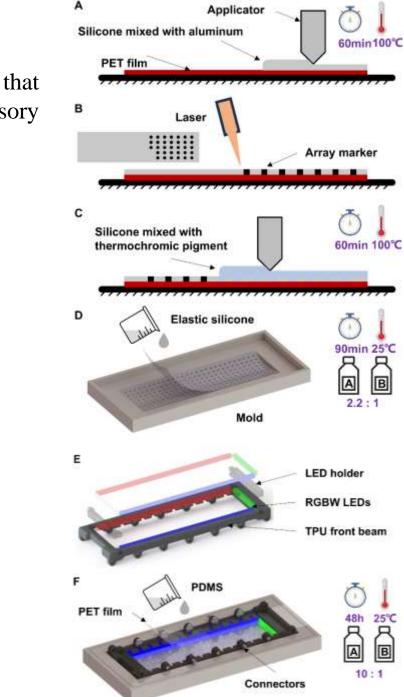
Research: We propose Gelsight FlexiRay, a novel integrated soft manipulator that combines visual-tactile sensing with the FRE gripper. It offers low cost, large sensory coverage, high compliance, and human-like multimodal tactile capabilities.









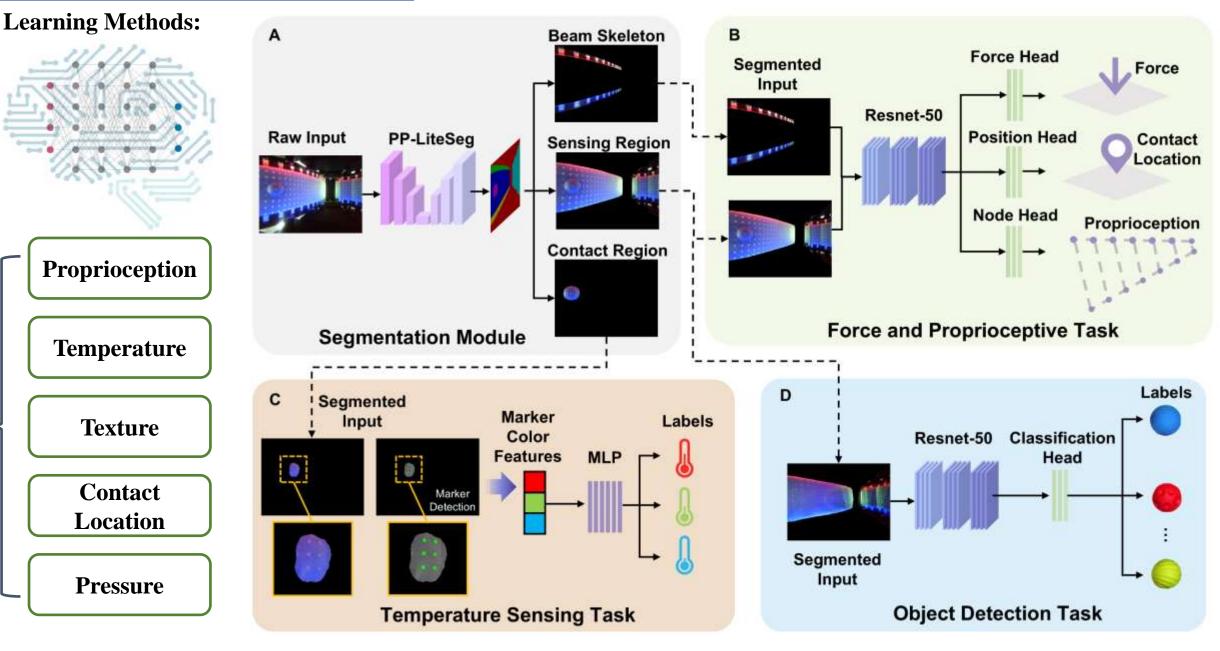


Load

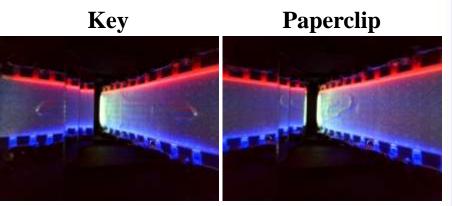
Local Coverage Point

Camera

View the article on Arxiv: <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2411.18979</u> Get more information on my website: <u>https://wuhao-me.github.io/</u>



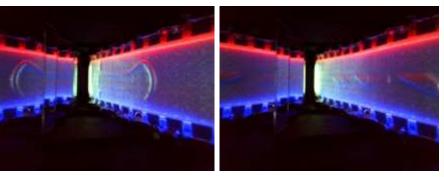
Results: The results demonstrate that Gelsight FlexiRay not only conforms to and wraps around large curved objects but also accurately captures each object's surface contours and geometric details, even during flexible deformations.

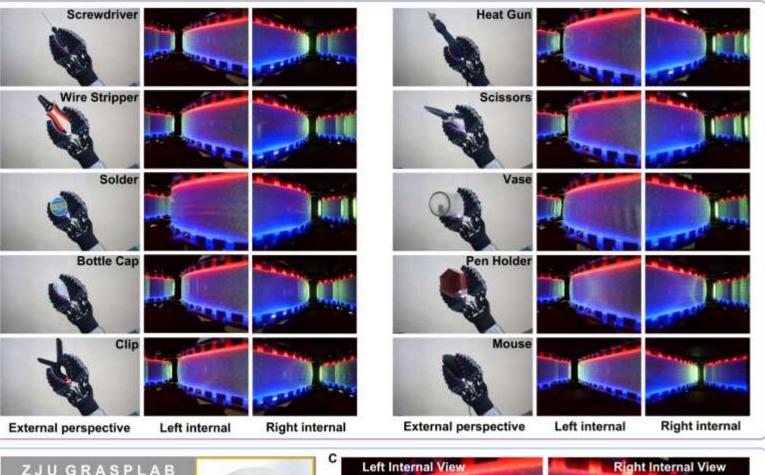


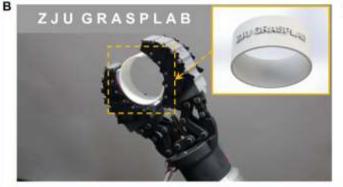
Clip

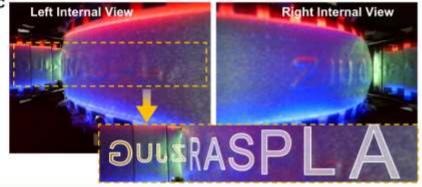
Drill bit

A

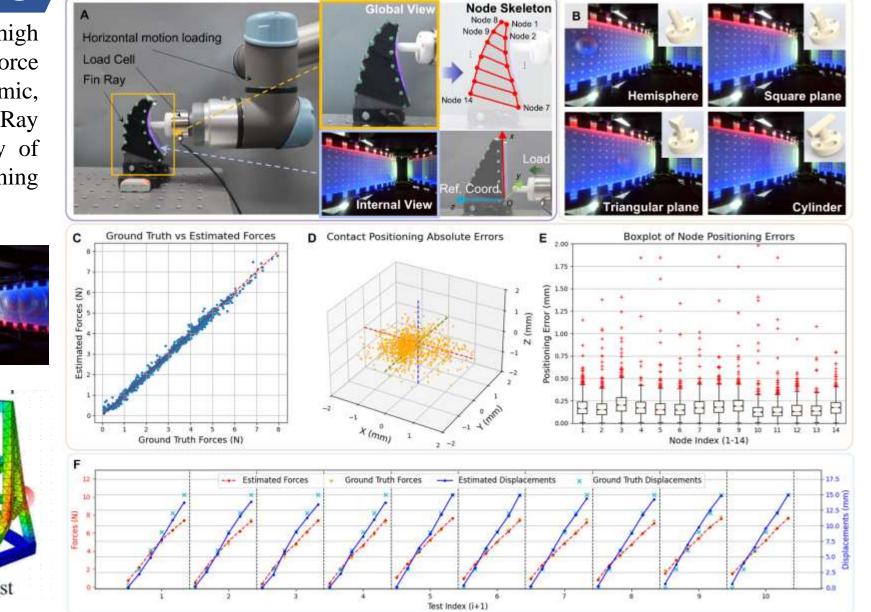


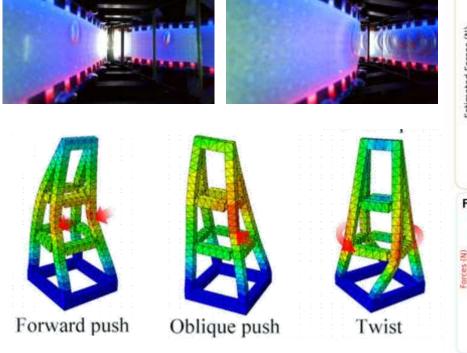




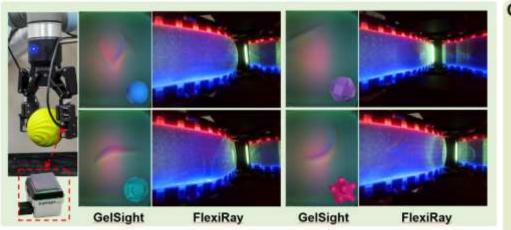


Results: The model maintains high accuracy and stability in estimating force and contact depth under dynamic, continuous prediction. Gelsight FlexiRay can achieve a force-sensing accuracy of 0.14 N and a proprioceptive positioning accuracy of 0.19mm.





Results: The classification model effectively (outperforms GelSight) uses tactile data to accurately identify and classify the surface textures of different balls.

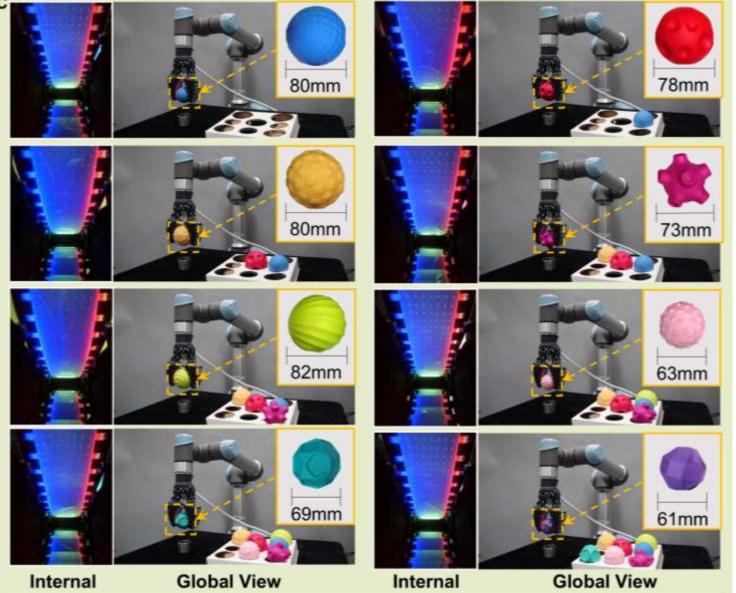












Results: The experiment illustrates the multidimensional intelligence of robots in perception, action, and human-robot interaction.

different directions

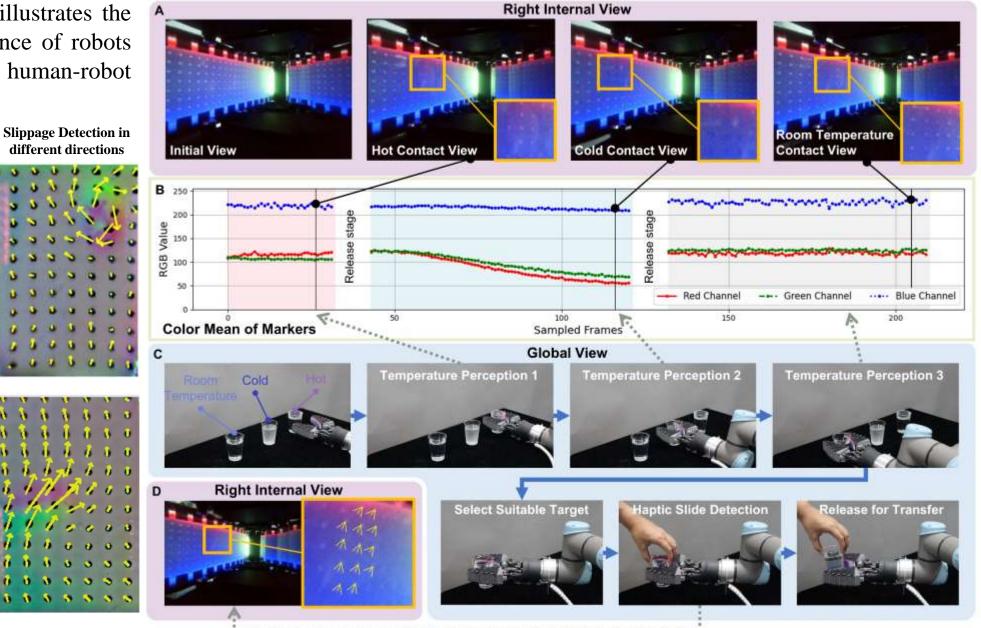
Large sensory coverage when grasping objects of different diameters





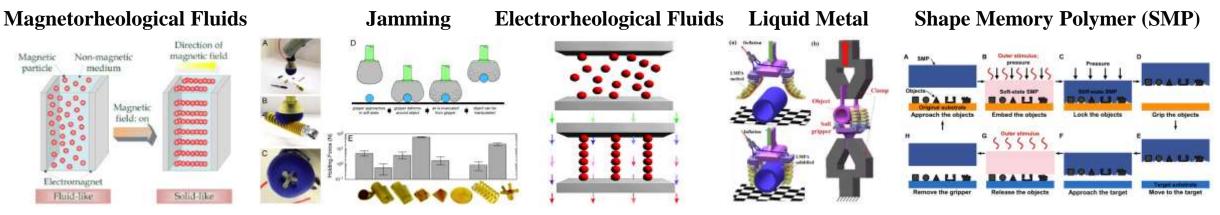


Tactile temperature sensing and sliding detection for human-robot cup interaction



Development of A SMP-Enhanced Fin-Ray Gripper to Enable Tunable Stiffness, Adhesive Grasping, and Interaction-driven Reconfiguration

Background: Soft robotics hands have a wide range in life and industrial scenarios. The inherent adaptability and flexibility of soft materials make them safe and versatile grasping solutions. Variable stiffness materials and principles include:

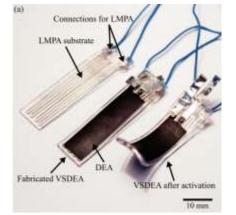


Limitations and challenges: (1) Traditional soft hands have poor load-bearing capabilities and can only adapt to a limited range of objects; (2) The enhancement of dexterity comes at the cost of complex design and actuation.

Shape Memory Alloy



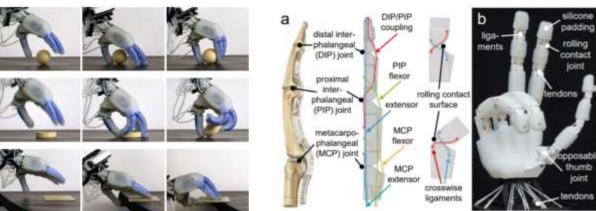
Dielectric Elastomer



Insufficient load capacity & versatility

Pneumatic

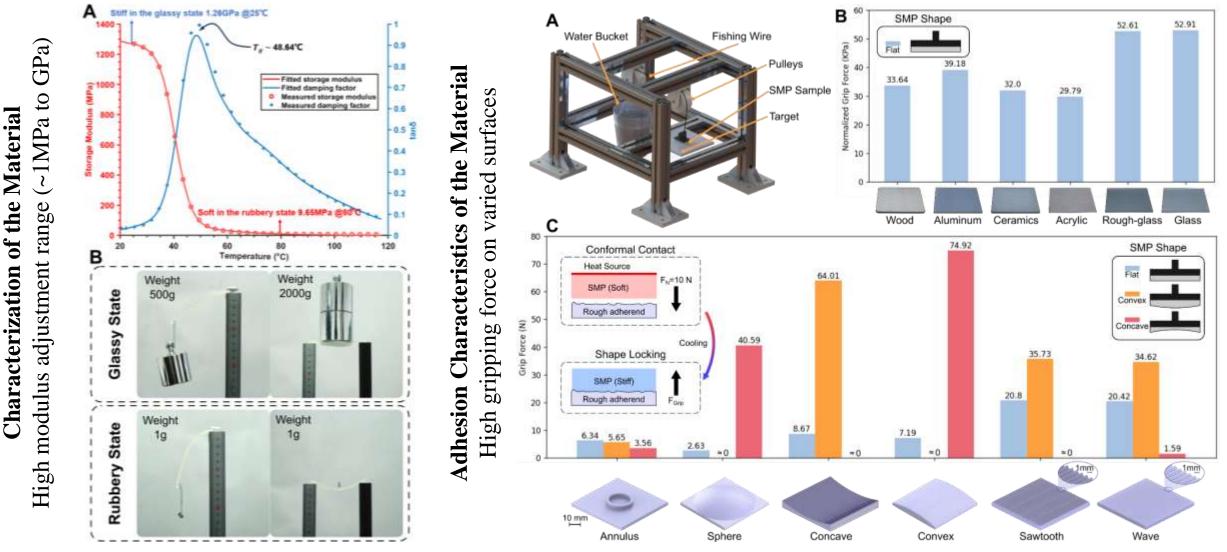
Tendon-Driven



View the article: <u>https://wuhao-me.github.io/pdf/SMP-FR_Gripper.pdf</u> Get more information on my website: <u>https://wuhao-me.github.io/</u>

Shape Memory Polymer Preparation

- > Preparation: Epoxy resin monomer (E44 6101) and curing agent (JEFFAMINE D-230, Aladdin), mass ratio 81:46.
- ≻ Curing conditions: 50°C for 2 hours; 100°C for 2 hours; 130°C for 2 hours.



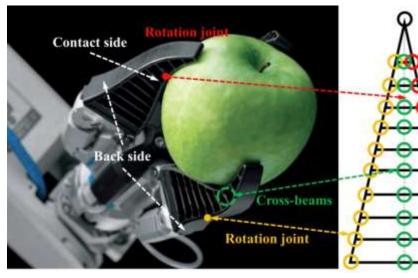
Construction of SMP-FR Gripper

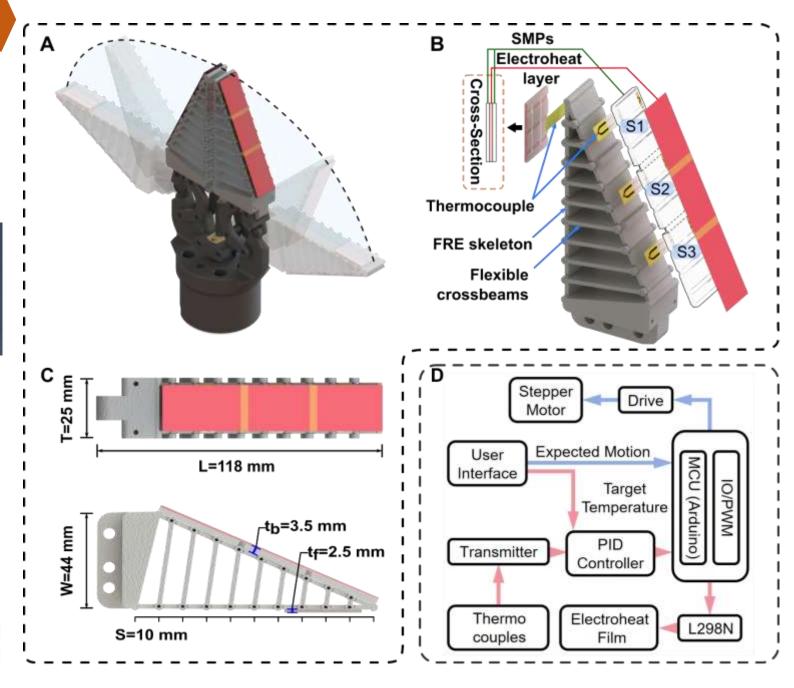
Strategically place SMP on the back contact side of the FRE structure for tunable stiffness and on the front side for adhesive grasping.

Shape Memory Polymer



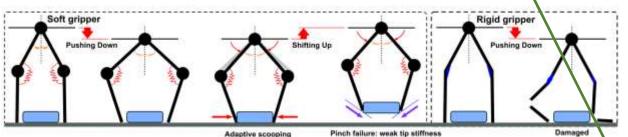
Fin Ray Effect Soft Gripper



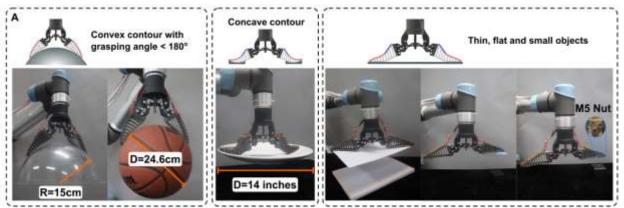


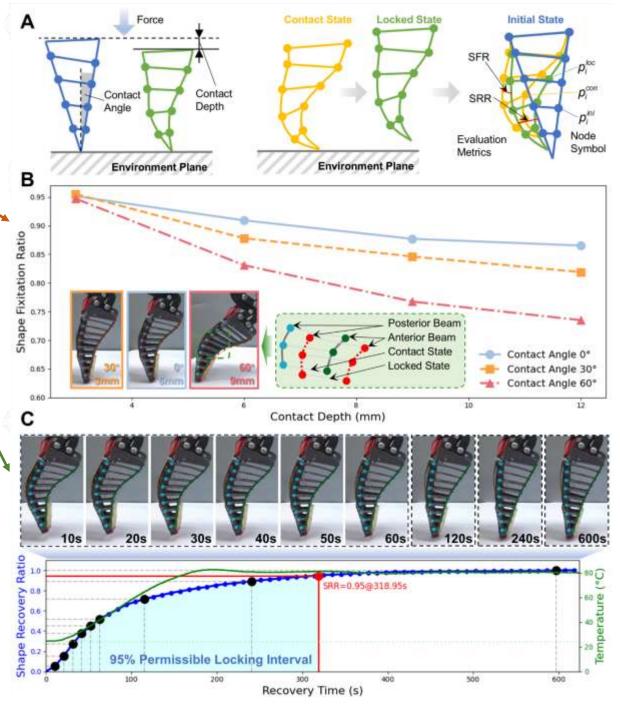
Shape Fixation and Recovery Assessment Shape Fixation Ratio: $\mathbf{SFR} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{\|p_i^{loc} - p_i^{ini}\|}{\|p_i^{con} - p_i^{ini}\|}$ Shape Recovery Ratio: $\mathbf{SRR} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{\|p_i^{rec} - p_i^{ini}\|}{\|p_i^{loc} - p_i^{ini}\|}$

In constrained environments, the grasping ability and stability of current soft/rigid robots are often limited.



SMP can achieve the adhesive grasping of large-diameter and small/thin objects.



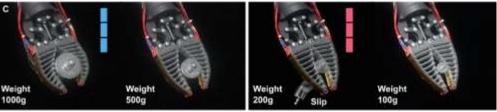


Grasp and Manipulation Assessment

The proposed SMP-FR soft hand can achieve variable structural stiffness, enabling stable grasping of objects across a wide range of grasping forces.

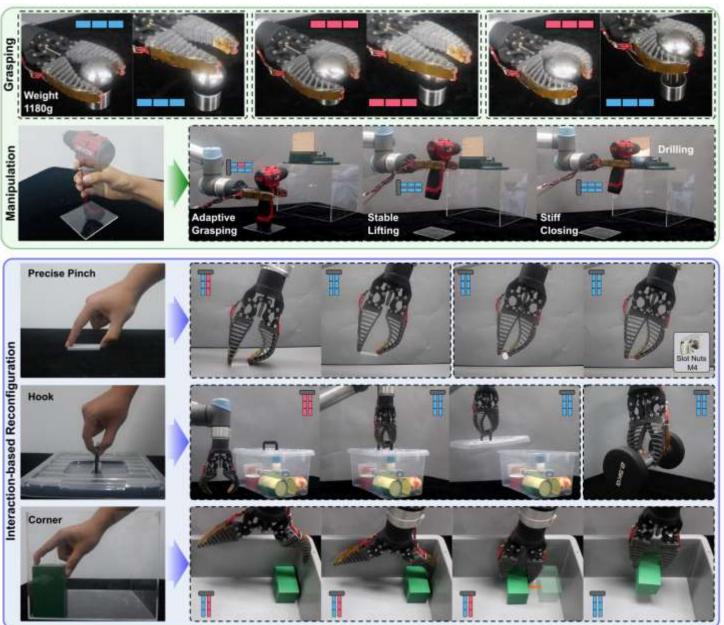






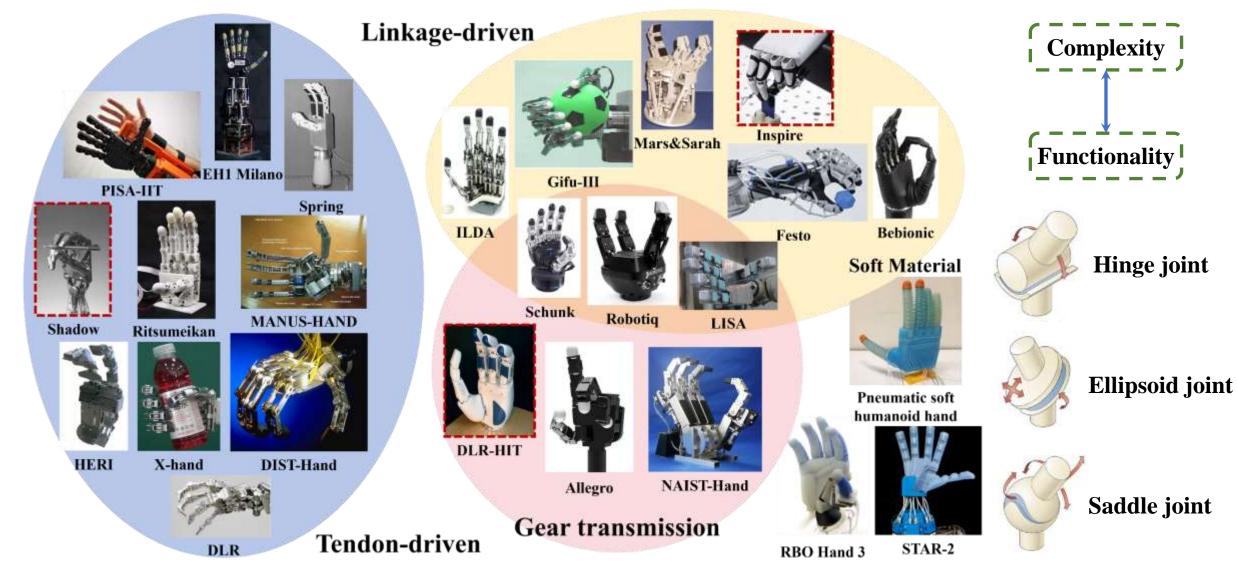


Implement human-inspired interaction strategies for dexterous grasping and manipulation in various constrained scenarios.



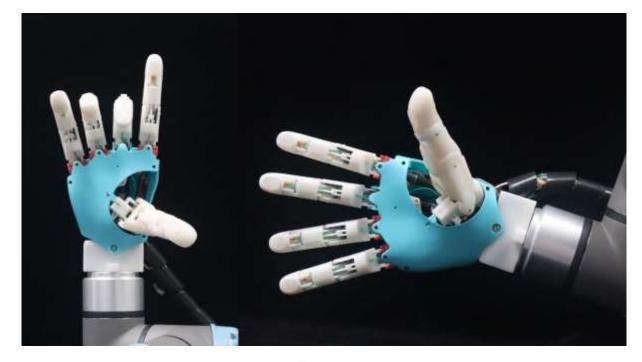
Development of highly integrated, linkage-driven anthropomorphic hand with novel mechanisms and 19 DOFs.

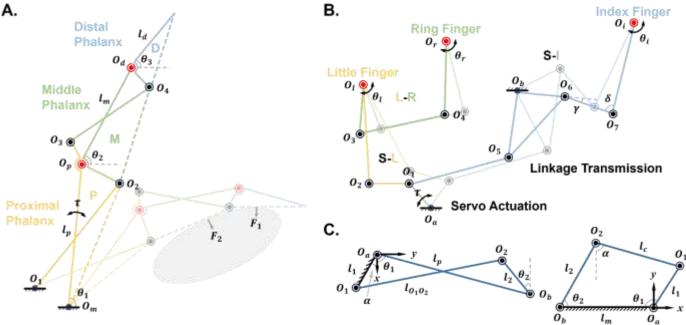
Background: Given the high degree of freedom and the intricate, compact nature of the human hand, it is challenging to replicate the full functions, appearance, and structures. I aim to make reasonable trade-offs between complexity and functionality.





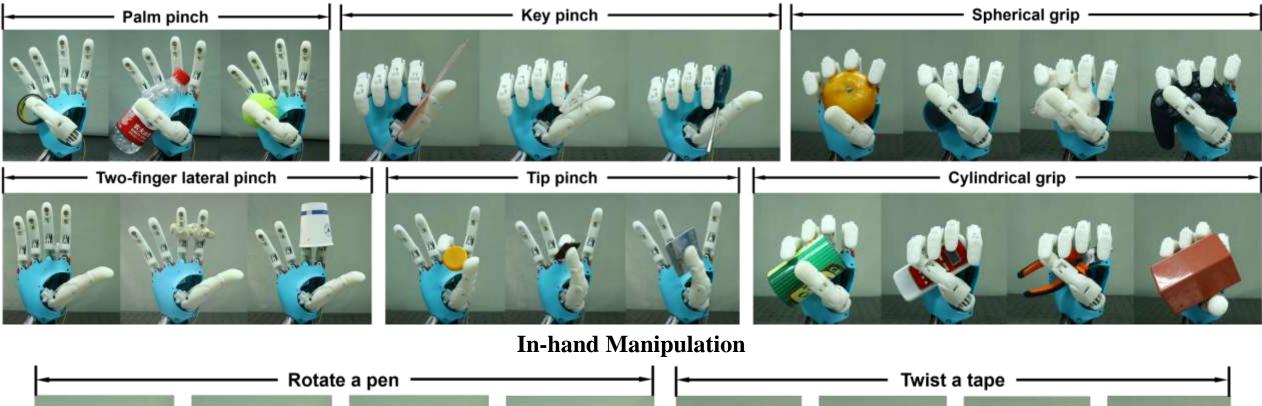
Biomimetic Analysis and Design: This design conducts biomechanical analysis of human hand synergistic movements to provide reasonable simplifications for the design of dexterous hands. Novel linkage mechanisms with optimized geometric parameters were proposed to achieve dexterous movements and resemble natural human gestures.

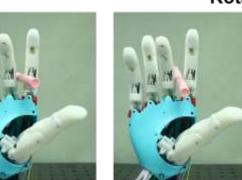




View the video: <u>https://wuhao-me.github.io/Videos/Dexterous_Hand.mp4</u> Get more information on my website: <u>https://wuhao-me.github.io/</u>

Grasping and Manipulation Experiments: The dexterous hand is capable of grasping daily objects with different modes and effectively repositioning objects in the hand to the desired locations.





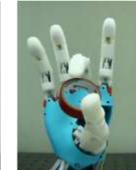




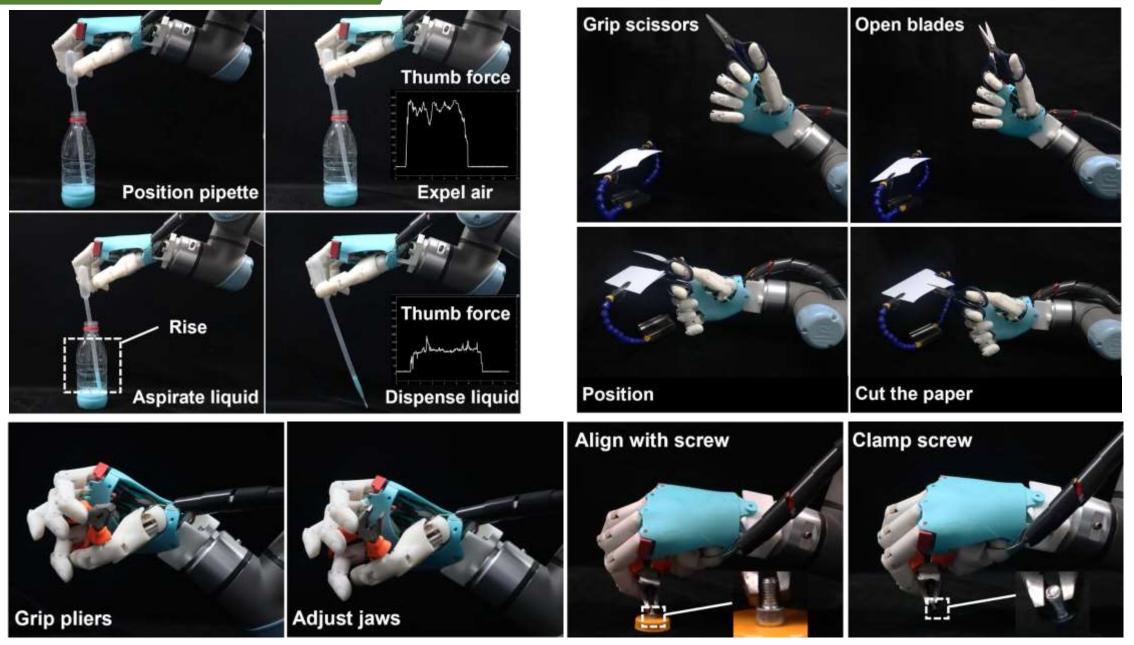








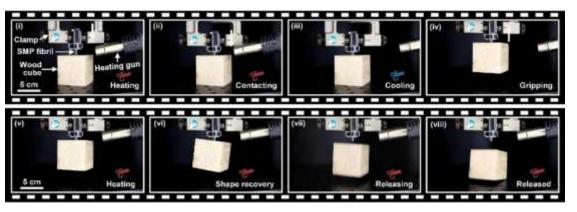
Tool Operation: The results highlight the hand's rich motion capabilities in complex in-hand manipulations and grasping force modulation.

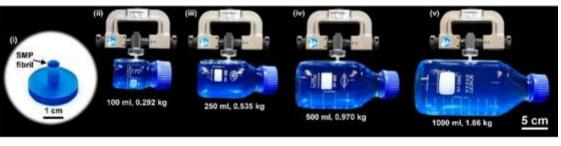


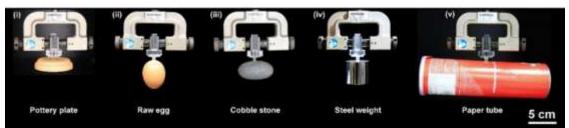
Ongoing Projects

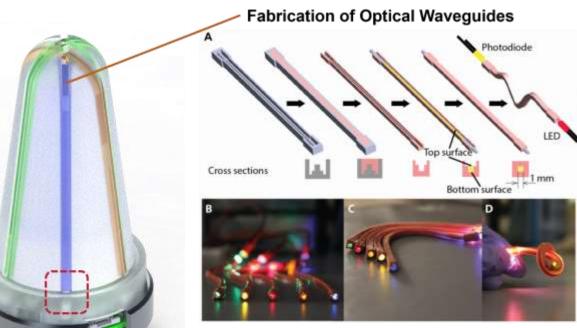
Research projects in progress. See more at https://wuhao-me.github.io/

- Design a smart adhesive device with SMP and validate its performance in gripping various objects.
- Construct a vision-based tactile sensor with omnidirectional multimodal perception capability.

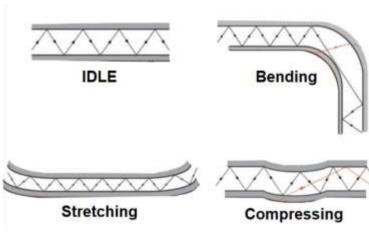




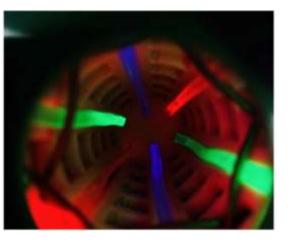




Huichan Zhao et al., Optoelectronically innervated soft prosthetic hand via stretchable optical waveguides. *Sci. Robot.* 1, eaai7529(2016).

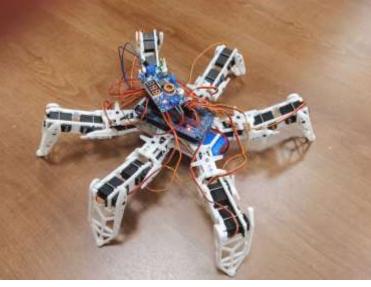


Integrated Multi-Modal Design

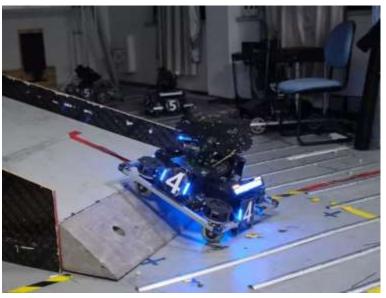


Contest/Academic Projects

Electromagnetic Racing Car



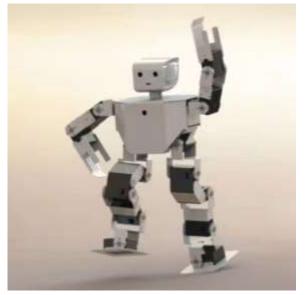
Underwater Vehicle



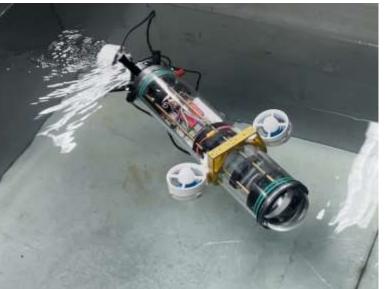
The engineering practices (Leader) in the design and construction

of diverse robotic systems. See more at https://wuhao-me.github.io/

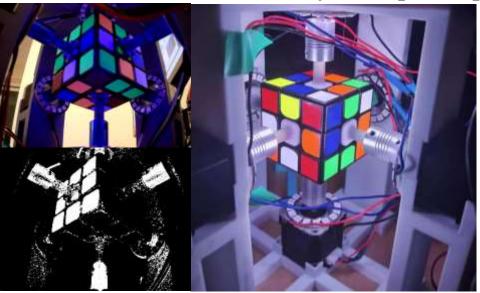
RoboMaster University Championship



Bipedal Robot



Underwater Vehicle

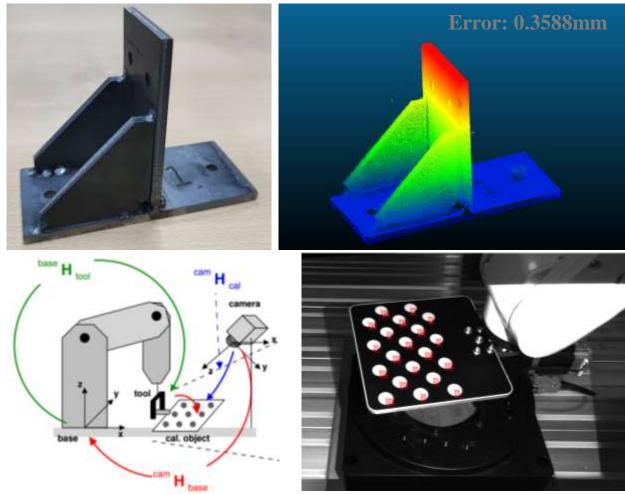


Rubik's Cube Robot

Contest/Academic Projects

Design controllers for the dynamic control of the robotic arm, including forceposition, gravity compensation PD, and inverse kinematics controllers.

- Utilize a camera and a rotary stage to reconstruct the threedimensional point cloud data of the workpieces.
- Achieve high-precision eye-to-hand calibration of the robotic system.



Force-position Hybrid Controller

Control law: $\tau = J^T f = J^T \{M_{\chi}(\vartheta) * S * \ddot{\chi} * [K_p e - K_d \dot{\chi}] + S * f_d + V_{\chi}(\vartheta, \dot{\vartheta}) + G_{\chi}(\vartheta)\}$

$$K_d = 2\sqrt{K_p}$$
 , $e = \chi_d - \chi_d$

Interactive feedback with

the environment: $\tau = J^T[-(z(\vartheta) - z_w)K_e - \dot{z}(\vartheta) * K_f]$

